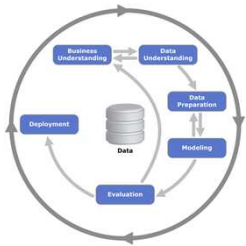


# The Ten V's of Big Data

(Understanding Data Risks)





Requirements Development Management  
(RDM) for

# Business Data

# Analytics

(The Language of Data)

# Requirements Agenda

## Business Data Analytics “The Language of Data”

### 01-FOUNDATION

- **LAB-Introductions (Name, Job Title, Objectives)**
- Dashboards and Robots (Data Mining & Machine Learning)
- Requirements and Testing (Four Quadrants)
- What are Structured Language Requirements? (Structured English and Structured Query Language)
- Why Should You Care? (Primary Source of Project Problems)
- How Do They Work? (Discreet Intellectual Property Inventory)
- Types of Requirements (Product, Project, DATA)
- Natural Language Processing (Morphology, Semantics, Syntax and Linguistics)
- OMG-SBVR (Semantics of Business Vocabulary & Rules)
- IEEE-EARS (Easy Approach to Requirements Syntax)
- INCOSE (Rules for Writing Requirements) & QVscribe
- Waterfall and Agile (Assembly Methods)

### 02-ELICIT

- **LAB-Vision/Scope (Seek to Understand)**

#### Elicitation Techniques:

- Document Analysis (Low Hanging Fruit)
- Interface Analysis (Navigation & Functionality)
- Benchmarking (Actual Data)
- Brainstorming (Every Idea is a Good Idea until it becomes a Bad Idea)
- Prototyping (Minimum Viable Product)
- Reverse Engineering (Begin with the End in Mind)
- Interview (Thinking Questions)
- Workshop (Group Interviews)
- Observation (What do you See?)
- Survey Questionnaire (Paper equals proof)

### 03-ANALYZE

- What are Models? (Pictures of Language)
- **LAB-The Language of Modeling (GIVEN pre WHEN process THEN output-result)**
- Types of Models (Context-Structure, Usage, Data Behavior, Process Flow)
- Context-Structure (Vision, Roadmap, Scope WBS)
- Usage (EPIC, UseCase, UserStory, Feature)
- Data Behavior (ERD, JOIN-Denormalization, Star Schema, Dimensional OLAP, Dashboard, Intelligence)
- Data Behavior (Data Dictionary, DataFlow, Data Structure Instance, Data Element Attribute, Data Store)
- Data Behavior (Process Logic, Business Rules)
- Process Flow (Swimlane)

### 04-DOCUMENT

- Categorization, Organization, Documentation, Integration, Automation
- Making Documents Easy to Read (Fonts & Navigation)
- Document Types (BRD, TRD)
- **LAB-Business Requirement Document (Concept of Operation)**
- Technical Requirement Document (System Specification)

### 05-VALIDATE

- Validation thru Triangulation (Prep Drills)
- Traceability (Project Unique Identifier)
- Requirements Baseline (ROM Estimate, Planning Estimate, Definitive Estimate)
- **LAB-Estimating Story Points (Complexity and Risk)**
- Lessons Learned (Course Wrap-Up)

Software Workflow Huge  
Integration + Automation = Profits

Click on a Scriptable Application to learn more.

AppleScript	Extensis Portfolio	MS Excel	Adobe Acrobat	Roxio Toast	Powerfile MediaFinder	Palm	VSE BeFound				
Virtual PC	Internet Explorer	Now Up to Date	MacProject	Graphic Converter	FileMaker	Now Contact	FunnelWeb				
Adobe Photoshop	Userland Frontier	Click on a Scriptable Application to learn more.				Netscape Navigator	Norton DiskDoctor				
Quark Xpress	DeBabelizer					Scripiter	FastTrack				
Macromedia FireWorks	LetterRip					Deneba Canvas	Virex				
MS Exchange	Dantz Retrospect	Cleaner Pro	FlightCheck	Script Debugger	MS Project	Stuffit Expander	AccountEdge	CD Finder	Quokeys	Canto Cumulus	Macromedia DreamWeaver
Sherlock	FinalCut Pro	QuickTime	BeMailier	Findit	InDesign	Timbuktu	Finder				

# Overview "Seek to Understand"

- What is Big Data?  
*Everything, Quantified and Tracked*
- Advantages of Big Data
- Ten V's of Big Data
- Understanding Data Risk



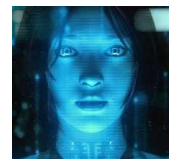
# What is Big Data?

- Everything (**Every aspect of life, work, consumerism, entertainment, and play is now recognized as a source of digital information**)
- Quantified (Storing “everything” somewhere, mostly in digital form, often as numbers.)
- Tracked (Quantifying and measuring “everything” continuously)



# What is Big Data?

	"Big" Data	"Small" Data
VOLUME:	More than a human can comprehend	A lot, but a human brain can handle it
VELOCITY:	Gigantic waves of data every millisecond	Steady stream throughout the data
VARIETY:	Unknown file types	Expected set of file types
VERACITY:	Almost no idea of how data might come in or in what format	Know where changes might happen
STRUCTURE:	Non-Relational	Relational
HARDWARE:	Data Center	File Server
DATABASE:	NoSQL	SQL
PROCESSING:	Spark, Hive, or Pig (on TOP of Hadoop)	SQL
QUERY LANGUAGE:	Python, Java, R, Sequel	SQL
ANALYSIS AREAS:	Clusters (Data Scientist) Data Marts (Analytics)	Data Marts (Analytics)
OPTIMIZATION:	Machine Learning	Manual, human powered
PEOPLE:	Data Scientists, Data Engineers, DBAs, Analysts	Data Engineers, DBAs, Analysts
NOMENCLATURE:	Data Lake	Database, Data Warehouse, Data Mart



# Advantages of Big Data

- Smarter Decisions
- Better Products
- Deeper Insights
- Greater Knowledge
- Optimal Solutions
- Customer-Centric Products
- Increased Customer Loyalty
- More Automated Processes,
- More accurate Predictive and Prescriptive Analytics
- Better models of future behaviors and outcomes in Business, Government, Security, Science, Healthcare, Education, and more.





# Ten V's of Big Data



# V's of Big Data

**1 Value:** *How Useful is the Data?* (Hypotheticals, Statistical, Events, Correlations)

**2 Volume:** *Size of the Data?* (Distributed, Tables, Records, Exabytes)

**3 Velocity:** *Data Generation Speed?* (Real-time, Processes, Streams)

**4 Variety:** *Data Types?* (Unstructured, Structured, Multi-factor, Probabilistic, Linked, Dynamic)

**5 Veracity:** *Data Accuracy?* (Accountable, Trustworthy, Authentic)



# V's of Big Data

**6 Variability:** *Evolving Behavior in Data Source?*  
(Changing Data, Changing Model)

**7 Validity:** *Data Quality, Governance & Master Data Management?* (Uniformity, Accuracy, Stewardship, Semantic Consistency)

**8 Venue:** *Multiple Heterogeneous Platforms?* (ERP, CRM, Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter)

**9 Vocabulary:** *Data Structure Description?* (Data Dictionary, Data Flow, Data Structure Instance, Data Element Attribute, Data Process, Data Store)

**10 Vagueness:** *Terminology Confusion?*  
(Semantic Community, Taxonomy, Business Rules)



# Understanding Data Risks (Testing)

- Data Integration Complexity
- Data Security, Privacy, Governance
- Lack of Meta Data, & Schema for Big Data
- Poor Data Quality:
  - Noisy Data (Corrupted)
  - Dirty Data (Inaccurate)
  - Misplaced Data Values
  - Inexact Values
  - Insufficient Data Size
  - Poor Representation In Data Sample
  - Redundant Data



# Summary "Train the Trainer"

- What is Big Data?  
Everything, Quantified and Tracked
- Advantages of Big Data
- Ten V's of Big Data
- Understanding Data Risk



Let's stay in contact with each other...

## Let's stay in contact:

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